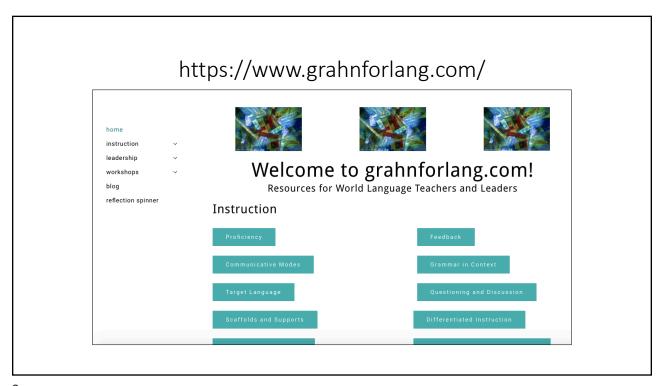


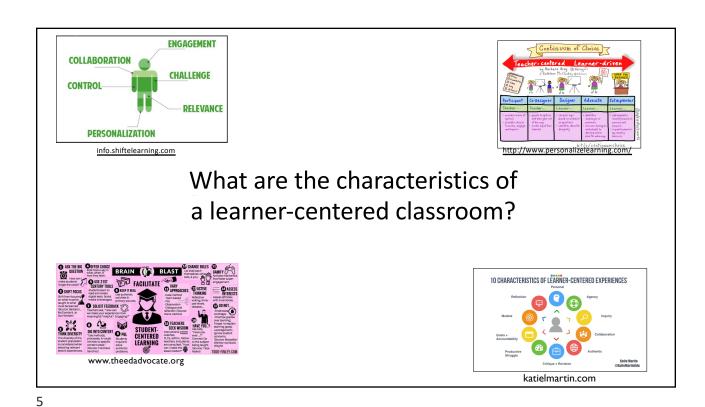
Participants will...

- Build on prior knowledge about learner-centered instruction
- Explore ways to create a supportive target language learning environment
- Consider the relationship between student engagement and learner-centered practices
- Add instructional strategies to their toolboxes that are learnercentered
- Reflect on their current practice and set goals for future instruction.

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ENGAGEMENT

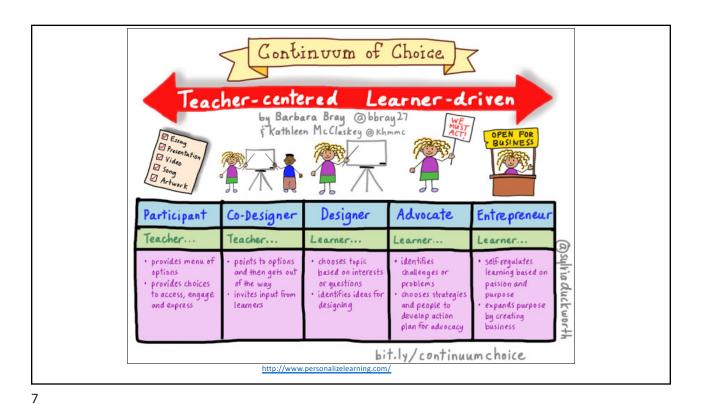
COLLABORATION

CHALLENGE

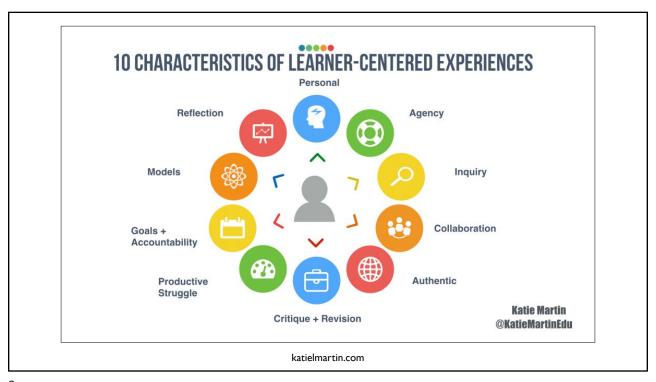
CONTROL

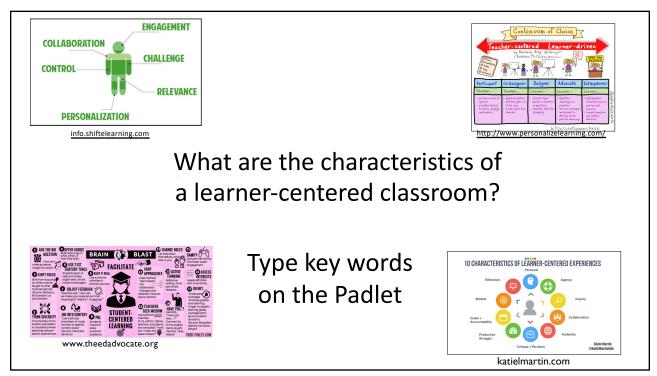
RELEVANCE

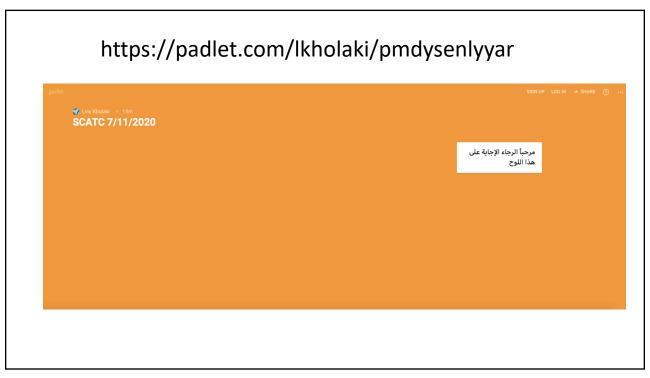
PERSONALIZATION

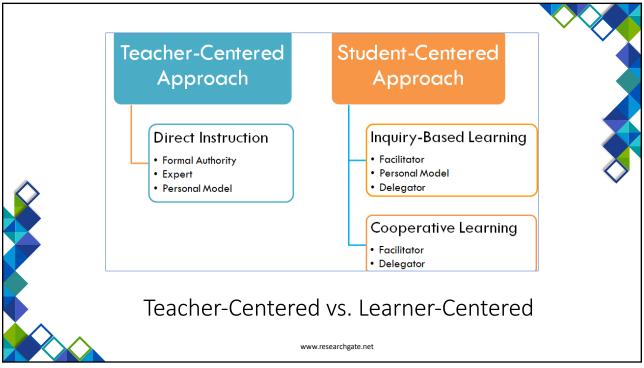


**4** OFFER CHOICE CHANGE ROLES (1) ASK THE BIG QUESTION Kids have a say in what, when, & how they learn. Let kids teach themselves, other GAMIFY U (How can I Activate mechanics kids, & you. that foster super-FACILITATE \*\*\* USE 21ST make students engagement. forget the clock? APPROACHES **CENTURY TOOLS 13** ACTIVE 4 ASSESS Students learn to 6 KEEP IT REAL 2 SHIFT FOCUS THINKING read and create INTERESTS Use authentic - Case method Shift from focusing digital texts. Social Reflective Assess affinities activities & Team-based on what must be media is leveraged. writing, thinkwith inventories. primary sources. taught to what pair-share, Observation 🕡 DO NOT. 7 SOLICIT FEEDBACK 🖙 must be learned. debates. - Dialogue and -Emphasize (Source: Barbara L. Teachers ask, "How can reflection (Source: McCombs & Jo we make your experience more Diane Harkins) Sue Whisler) meaningful? Helpful? Engaging?" -Prioritize grades over learning; **15** TEACHERS Forget to explain HAVE YOU..? learning goals; **SEEK WISDOM** Ask kids, Leverage tech;. Ignore student Instructional DIG INTO CONTENT "Have you ever ...?" 9 PBL THINK DIVERSITY coaches, "Use methods, concerns. PLCs, admin., fellow The diversity of the processes, & vocab Students Connect Qs (Source: Maryellen student population to the subject intrinsic to specific inquire & LEARNING teachers, & students, Weimer via Gloria is considered when are consulted: "How content areas." solve being taught. Wright) can I make this lesson better?" selecting relevant authentic (Source: Tarja (Source: Francisca texts & experiences. Sanchez) problems Mykrä) **TODD-FINLEY.COM** www.theedadvocate.org









### Teacher-Centered vs. Learner-Centered

Teacher-Centered	Learner-Centered
Focus is on the instructor	Focus is on both students and instructor
Instructor talks, students listen and take notes	Instructor models, students interact with instructor and one another
Instructor answers students' questions	Students answer each other's questions, using instructor as an information resource
Instructor evaluates student learning	Students evaluate their own learning, instructor also evaluates

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# Moving Toward Learner-Centered Practices

#### From:

- Teacher presentation
- Whole-class instruction
- Memorization and recall
- •Short responses, fill-in-theblank
- Same assignments

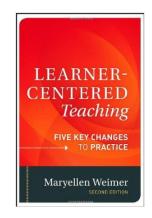
#### To:

- Students actively engaged in learning
- · Centers, small groups, pairs, variety
- Students practicing with content
- Performances and communicative products
- · Choice and tiered level of challenge



#### Five Key Changes to Practice

- The role of the teacher
- The balance of power
- The function of content
- The responsibility for learning
- The purpose and processes of evaluation



Learner-Centered Teaching (Maryellen Weimer, 2013, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.)

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### A Student-Centered Learning Environment

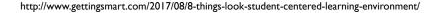
- High degree of student engagement, challenge, enthusiasm, and joy
- Students know what they are learning and why
- Blend of individual, collaborative team, and large group work
- Students use personalized technology to produce as well as consume.

http://www.gettingsmart.com/2017/08/8-things-look-student-centered-learning-environment/



#### A Student-Centered Learning Environment

- Students have some opportunity to work at their own pace and explore their own interests
- Students are doing the bulk of the work and the talking
- There are multiple forms of assessment, feedback, and demonstrations of learning
- Instruction, culture, and environment reflect student diversity

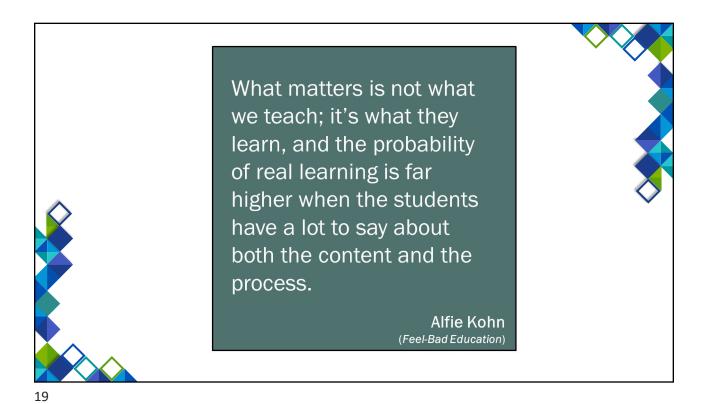


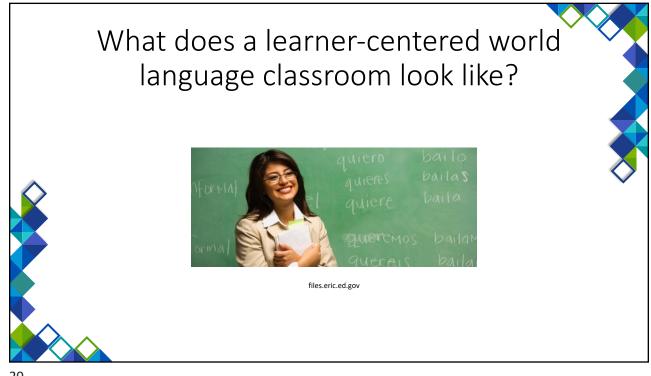
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# Five Characteristics of Learner-Centered Teaching

- Engages students in the hard, messy work of learning
- Includes explicit skill instruction
- Encourages students to reflect on what they are learning and how they are learning it
- Motivates students by giving them some control over learning processes
- · Encourages collaboration.







# Key characteristics of a teacher in a learner-centered language classroom

- acts as a partner in the learning process
- gives learners voice and choice according to their needs, age, and abilities
- makes instructional decisions based on learners' performance
- engages learners in cognitively challenging realworld tasks.

 $\underline{https://startalk.umd.edu/public/system/files/LearnerCentered-At-A-Glance.pdf}$ 

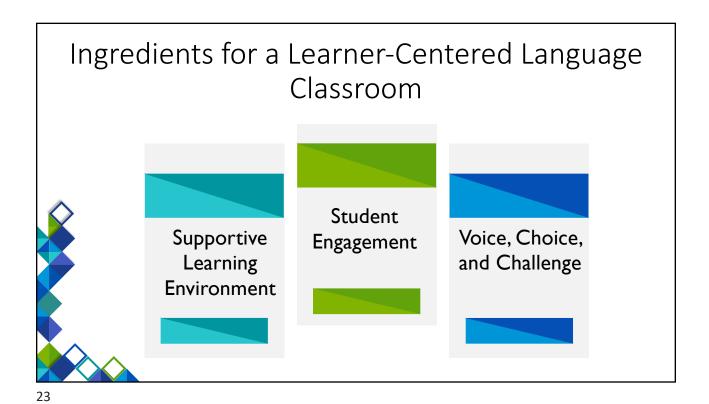
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# Key characteristics of a teacher in a learner-centered language classroom

- creates multiple opportunities for learners to interpret and express ideas about topics of interest to them
- provides learners opportunities to collaborate while using language to accomplish a meaningful task
- allows for ongoing feedback from a variety of sources to improve learner's performance.

https://startalk.umd.edu/public/system/files/LearnerCentered-At-A-Glance.pdf





Ingredients for a Learner-Centered Language Classroom

Supportive Learning Environment

Student Engagement Voice, Choice, and Challenge

### Supportive Learning Environment

• Face-to-Face

Virtual

Students feel known, seen, and heard

The classroom environment is language-rich

Students feel safe to take risks

Learning experiences reflect student interests, real world contexts

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### Language-Rich Physical Environment

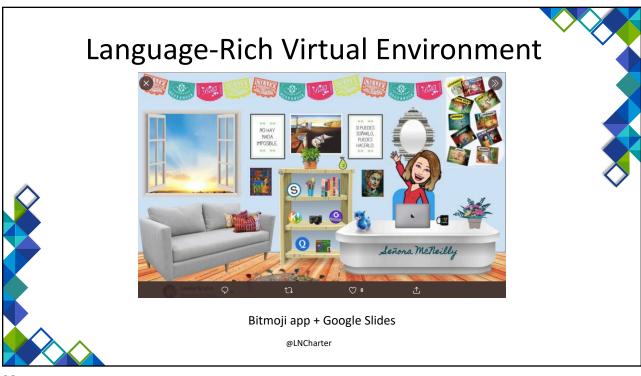
- Maps
- Photos of famous people
- Artwork
- Posters with quotes and sayings
- Word walls
- Student work
- Famous landmarks
- Synonym splashes
- Word clouds

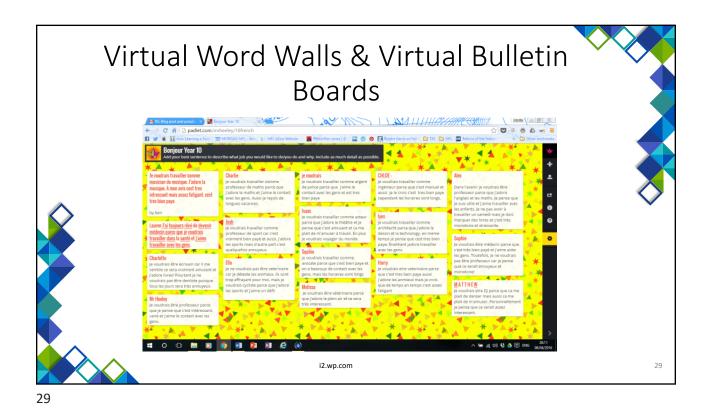


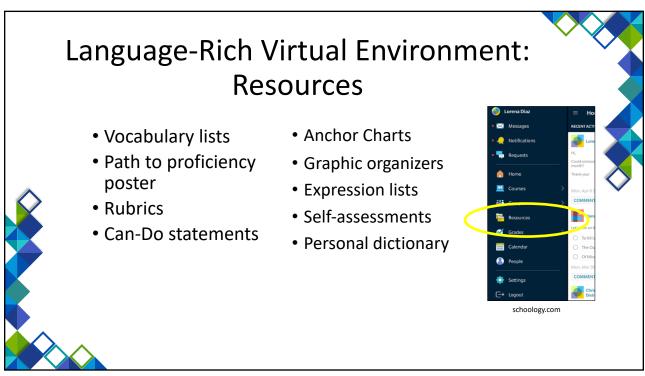


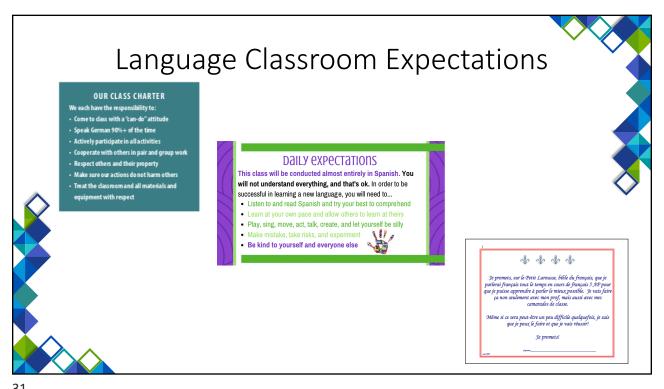


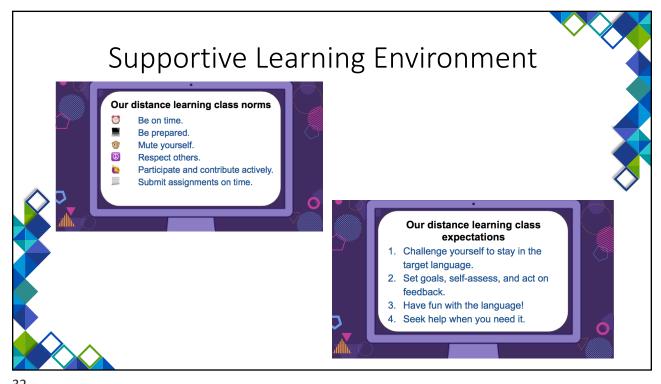




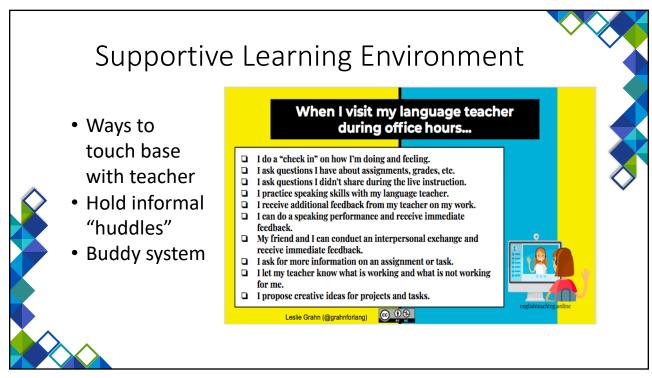


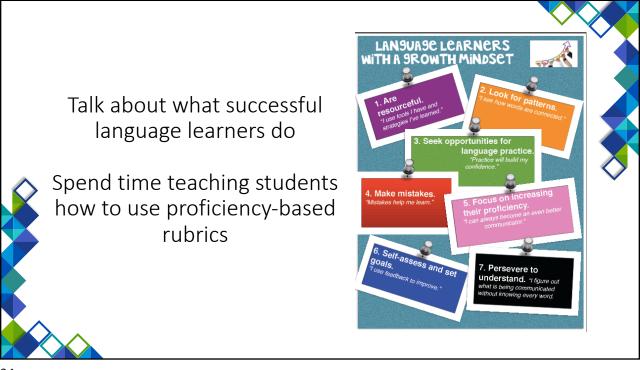


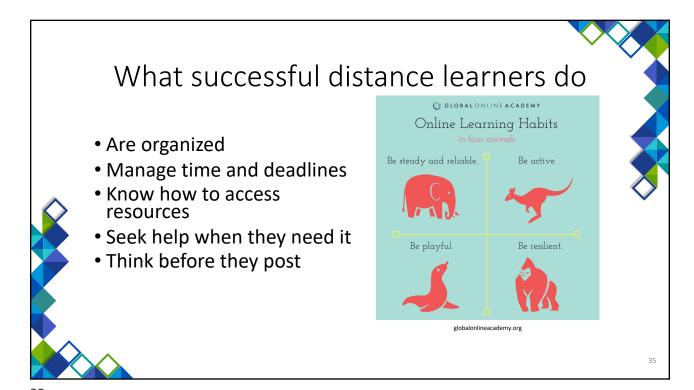




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Discuss Netiquette and Digital Citizenship Student tips for successful Check in with your Be on time. Check Stay engaged (nod Mute your mic if teacher. Gather in thru the chat or thumbs up) if you're not when you arrive. speaking. Use the chat or Wait for teacher to Take notes in a If using video, look raise hand to call on you or doc or on paper at the camera, not share ?s/ideas unmute your mic. for reference. the screen. ditchthattextbook.com

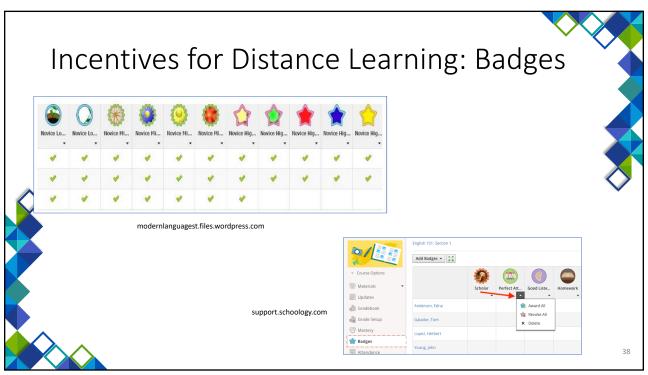
## Incentives for Distance Learning

- Choose videoconferencing background
- Brain break choice
- Virtual lunch with the teacher
- Be the class DJ
- Choose the site for a virtual field trip
- Positive message to parent
- Be the teacher
- Digital badges

https://www.pbisrewards.com/blog/pbis-incentives-distance-learning/

3

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# Building Relationships with Students From a Distance:

- Call students by name
- Include personal connections in learning experiences
- Incorporate personal connections into feedback
- Do individual check ins
- Participate in discussion threads



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# Building Relationships with Students From a Distance

- What three words would you use to describe yourself?
- Use three images to introduce yourself (students each add a slide to a Google Slides presentation)
- Flipgrid "getting to know you"
- Share three photos of places that are meaningful to you
- Complete a poll about your preferences (ex. <u>Poll</u> Everywhere, Google Forms).

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# Building Relationships with Students From a Distance

- Create a diamante poem about yourself (ex. Generator)
- Make a word cloud of target language words that describe you (ex. Tagxedo, Word It Out)
- Create a twitter feed about yourself (ex. Textingstory Chat Story Maker)
- Create an interactive poster about yourself. (ex. edu.glogster)

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# Supportive Learning Environment: Scaffolds and Supports

Providing support to students in the form of models, examples, sentence frames, and task-specific target language expressions which are subsequently removed as students become more confident and independent with their learning



#### Scaffolds and Supports

- Providing the right amount of support to students
- Providing supports increases student confidence in completing tasks
- Progressively removing the support and providing new challenges
- Providing meaningful feedback to students that moves their learning forward

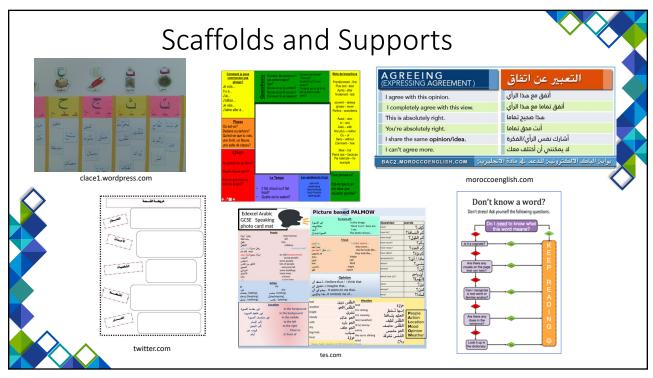
### Scaffolds and Supports

- Provide support
- Act as a tool
- Extend range
- Make tasks achievable
- Used selectively and are eventually removed
- Structures/Routines
- Collaboration
- Internalization

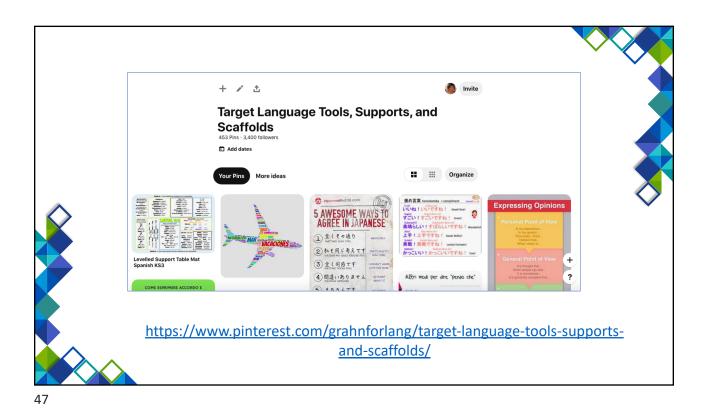












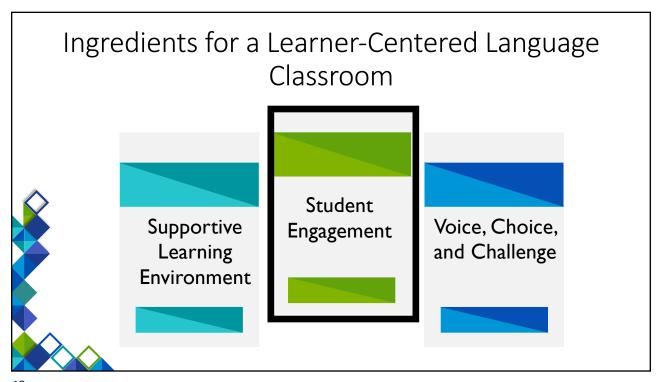
Let's take a quick 5 minute break

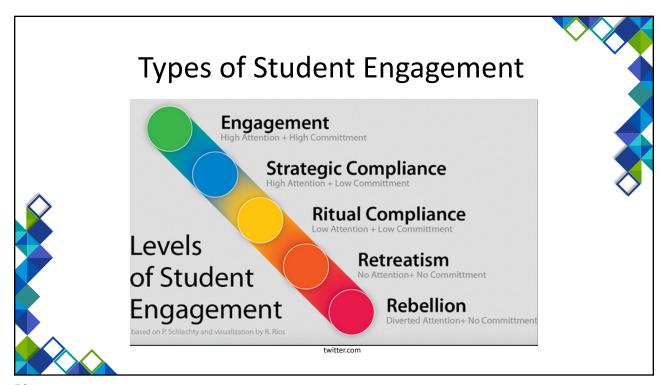
TIME FOR A

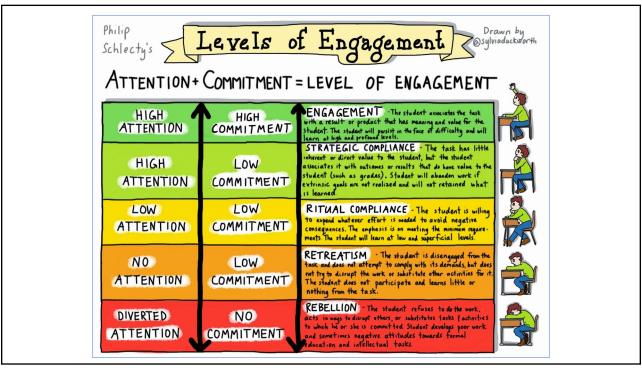
BREAK

BREAK

adobe.com







#### Motivating Students to Engage

- Relate learning to real life
- Give students control over learning
- Assign challenging but achievable tasks
- Arouse students' curiosity
- Design projects that allow students to share/work with others



### Strengthening Student Engagement

- **S** = Success
- C = Curiosity
- O = Originality
- **Re** = Relationships

Strong, Silver, and Robinson, 1995

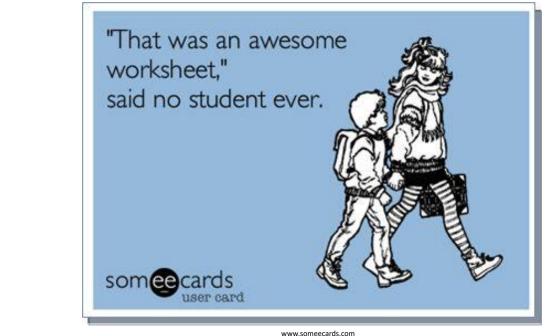
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### Qualities of Student Engagement

- Providing real-world contexts
- Giving student choice and control
- Providing challenging, but achievable tasks
- Allowing for collaboration
- · Providing scaffolds and supports
- Demonstrating integration of communicative modes





#### Increasing student engagement Providing real-world contexts Students respond to · Giving student choice and control comprehension • Providing challenging, but questions about an achievable tasks Allowing for collaboration authentic text. Providing scaffolds and supports Demonstrating integration of communicative modes

### Increasing student engagement

Students view a Powerpoint during which students listen to the teacher's presentation of new vocabulary.

- Providing real-world contexts
- Giving student choice and control
- Providing challenging, but achievable tasks
- Allowing for collaboration
- Providing scaffolds and supports
- Demonstrating integration of communicative modes

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### Increasing student engagement

Students complete a cloze activity while listening to the lyrics of a target language song.

- Providing real-world contexts
- Giving student choice and control
- Providing challenging, but achievable tasks
- Allowing for collaboration
- Providing scaffolds and supports
- Demonstrating integration of communicative modes



#### Increasing student engagement

Students at the middle school level are asked to role play a waiter and a customer in a restaurant to practice speaking skills.

- Providing real-world contexts
- Giving student choice and control
- Providing challenging, but achievable tasks
- Allowing for collaboration
- Providing scaffolds and supports
- Demonstrating integration of communicative modes



### **Engaging Students Through Lesson Hooks**

- · Aligned to unit theme
- Example of structures in context
- · Topic of interest to students
- Humor
- Current events
- Use as the context for an interpersonal exchange
- Use as the inspiration for a free write



## #1 Assign a unique opening for each day of the week

- Mondays: Describe the picture/photo (orally or in writing)
- Tuesdays: Target language song of the week
- Wednesdays: Guess the mystery person/item
- Thursdays: Let's travel to a target language location!
- Fridays: Let's dance in the target language!

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#### Engaging Students Through Lesson Hooks

#### #2 Post a question of the day

- Use a discussion strategy or protocol (ex. Bounce cards)
- Post 6 questions and roll a virtual die to determine the question to which students will respond (ex. Make Dice Lite app).
- Create an online spinner through "Wheel Decide" which contains multiple questions, spinning the spinner to determine the question to which students will respond.



#### #3 Lead students in a brainstorming activity

- Use a mind mapping program (ex. Popplet, iBrainstorm)
- Use a bulletin board application (ex. Padlet)
- Create a world cloud in real time (ex. <u>Tagxedo</u>, <u>Word it Out)</u>

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**Engaging Students Through Lesson Hooks** 

#### #4 Show a meme, quote, or joke

- Have students react in the target language as a free speaking or free writing activity and create one of their own
- Show a positive, encouraging message in the target language
- Have students create a new meme, quote, or joke using
- the example as a guide



#### **#5 Conduct a guessing game**

- Reveal one section of a picture/photo at a time and students guess what it is
- Conduct a "guess the mystery item" activity where students use circumlocution phrases
- Conduct a "Mystery Skype" call where the students guess the identity of the person
- Do a Show and Tell activity

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#### **Engaging Students Through Lesson Hooks**

#### #6 Show an authentic tweet or Instagram post

- Students interpret a tweet or Instagram post in the target language and write a summary sentence, pull out key words, or create a response to the post in the target language
- Show a text message exchange and students interpret what is being discussed



#### **#7 Survey your students**

- Use survey and polling applications such as Google Forms, <u>Poll Everywhere</u>, and <u>Mentimeter</u> to collect information on student opinions and interests
- Use a survey to allow students to make predictions- "What do you think will happen next?

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Engaging Students Through Lesson Hooks

#### #8 Play an interactive game

- Kahoot
- Quzlet/Quizlet Live
- Gimkit
- Quizalize
- Quizizz
- Jeopardy Labs
- Factile



#### #9 Take a brain break

- Use a target language music video
- Use a target language dance video
- Use a target language exercise video

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### Engaging Students Through Lesson Hooks

#### #10 Take a virtual field trip

- To a target language museum
- Do a "flyover" of a target language city using Google Earth

# Increasing student participation in Face-to-Face and Virtual Environments

- Develop protocols and expectations for active student participation.
- How will students participate?
  - During live instruction
  - · By making and responding to discussion posts
  - During office hours and meetups
  - Through their assignments
  - · By giving feedback to peers
  - By asking questions
  - Through pair and small group work



# Increasing student participation in Face-to-Face and Virtual Environments

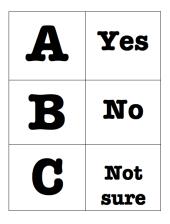
- Provide a way for students to raise their hands to speak
- Provide ways students can assess their class participation
- Highlight and recognize positive contributions made by students.
- Use an online tool that randomizes which students are called on to participate (ex. Wheel Decide, Wheel of Names).
- Hand over the lead to a student.
- Keep score. Award virtual points, digital badges, emojis based on the student responses.



## Increasing student participation in Face-to-Face and Virtual Environments

## Active ways for students to participate

- Step left/step right
- Lean left/lean right
- Hold ups/Pinch cards
- White boards
- Fist or Five



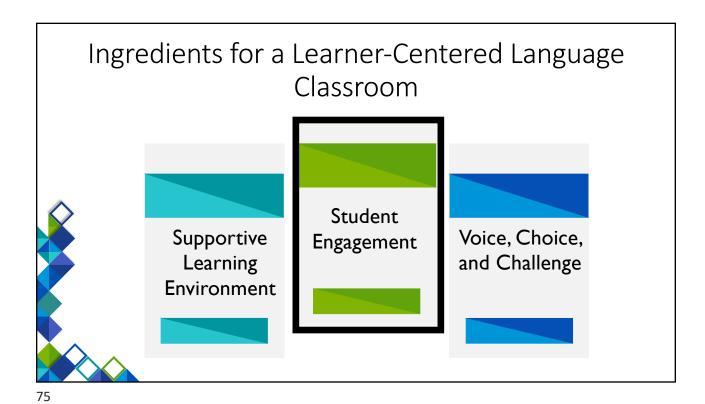
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## Increasing student participation in Face-to-Face and Virtual Environments

- Play "I spy"
- Scavenger hunts
- Surveying and polling
- Brainstorming
- Brain break



https://hookedoninnovation.com/2020/05/13/25-strategies-to-engage-zoom/



Engaging Students Through Pair and Small Group Work

 Providing multiple opportunities for students to interact and collaborate with classmates in selfselected, random, and teacher-selected groupings of varying sizes to practice language independently in a variety of contexts

#### It's like an audition...

 In a sense, the teacher is continually auditioning kids in different settings—and the students get to see how they can contribute in a variety of contexts.



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## Engaging Students Through Pair and Small Group Work

Face-to-Face

Virtual

Turn and talk

**Breakout rooms** 

Students moving about the classroom

Collaborative documents

Grouping cards

Discussion posts

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# Engaging Students Through Pair and Small Group Work

- What if my virtual platform does not allow for breakout rooms?
  - Use a digital collaboration tools (Flipgrid, Google Docs, Google Hangouts, Padlet, Popplet)

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## Pair and Small Group Tasks: In-person or Virtual

- Task
- Supports
- Process
- Product

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## Pair and Small Group Tasks: In-person or Virtual

#### **EXPECTATIONS AND NORMS:**

- All group members should contribute
- Everyone's contributions are valued
- Stay on task
- Designate a timekeeper

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## Pair and Small Group Tasks: In-person or Virtual

#### •TASK:

- Students are given a concrete task with a scenario or authentic text.
- Have students set an alarm for the time allowed
- The task is achievable in the time allowed.

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#### Pair and Small Group Tasks: In-person or Virtual

#### • SUPPORTS:

- Teacher gives directions to the task in the target language
- Teacher models the task
- An expression list, graphic organizer may be available to support students
- A group "leader" may be designated

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## Pair and Small Group Tasks: In-person or Virtual

#### • PROCESS:

- What instructional strategy will the students use for their interaction?
  - Reading strategy
  - Cooperative learning strategy
  - Discussion strategy
  - Interpersonal strategy

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## Pair and Small Group Tasks: In-person or Virtual

#### • PRODUCT:

- Notes
- Completed organizer
- Contribution to collaborative document
- Contribution to virtual bulletin board (Padlet, etc.)

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#### Pair and Small Group Tasks: In-person or Virtual- Example

 Task: People all over the world have been tweeting about how social distancing has been impacting their lives. Use your graphic organizer to capture the positive and negatives social distancing by interpreting these target language tweets.

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### Pair and Small Group Tasks: In-person or Virtual- Example

 Supports: The teacher shows a sample target language tweet and does a guided activity with the students on interpreting the tweet, highlighting the reading strategy the students will use, and writing the notes into the graphic organizer.

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### Pair and Small Group Tasks: In-person or Virtual- Example

 Process: Students work in their groups to interpret the target language tweets and add the positives and negatives from the text to their individual graphic organizers. The student leader keeps the students in the group on track.

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#### Pair and Small Group Tasks: In-person or Virtual- Example

 Product: Students return to the larger group with their completed organizers. The teacher solicits ideas from groups using an instructional strategy called "Numbered Heads Together" to add ideas to an organizer that represents the thinking of all of the groups.

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### Pair and Small Group Tasks: In-person or Virtual- Example

#### **Options for a springboard activity:**

- Students participate in a "jigsaw" activity where multiple home groups are represented in new group configurations. The students are given an expressions list to assist them in keeping their conversation in the target language.
- Students groups use their graphic organizers which reflect ideas from other groups to create an infographic on the positive and negative effects of social distancing.

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### Pair and Small Group Work: Interpersonal Activities

#### Scenario A: Students conduct an interpersonal exchange in a breakout room

- •The interpersonal task is modeled and expectations are clear
- •Students are given a context for their interpersonal exchange
- •Students are given a time limit
- •There is a concrete product students must complete
- •The teacher checks in on groups in breakout rooms
- •Students have a way to send a help request to the teacher
- A scaffold like an expressions list may be provided
- There is a follow-up activity to the interpersonal exchange



## Pair and Small Group Work: Interpersonal Activities

Scenario B: Students conduct an interpersonal exchange based on the unit theme performed live or recorded

- •Students conduct an interpersonal exchange with a classmate and record
- Students conduct an interpersonal exchange with a heritage speaker and record
- Pairs of students conduct an interpersonal exchange with a classmate for the teacher during office hours or check ins
- Student conducts an interpersonal exchange with the teacher during office hours or check ins
- •Students leave a voicemail on the teacher's Google Voice number
- Students send an email to the teacher
- Students conduct an interpersonal exchange with a classmate via text and save their chat



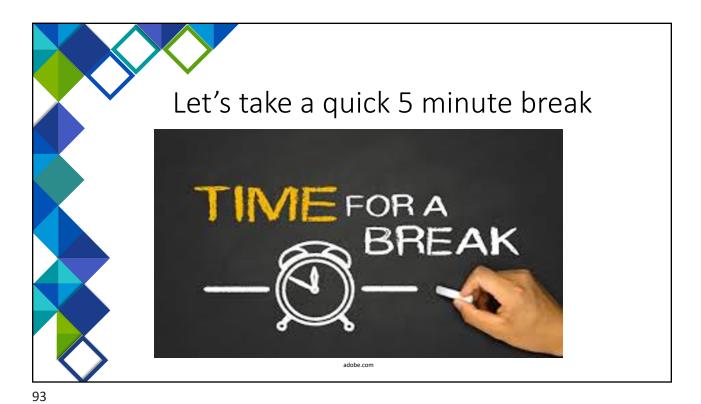








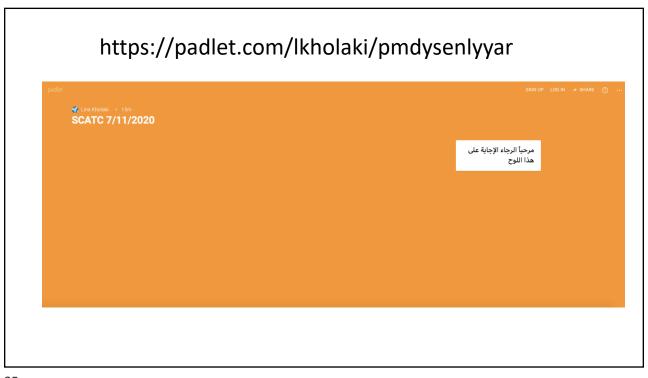


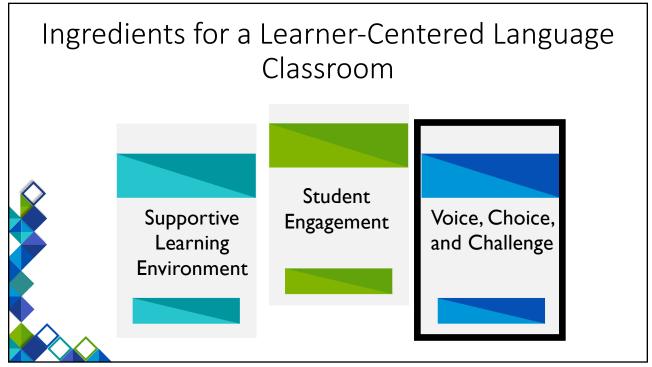


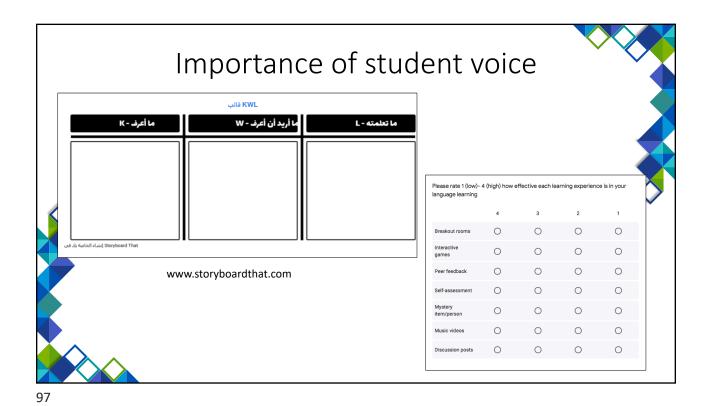
What is something new that you learned so far today? Please go to the Padlet.

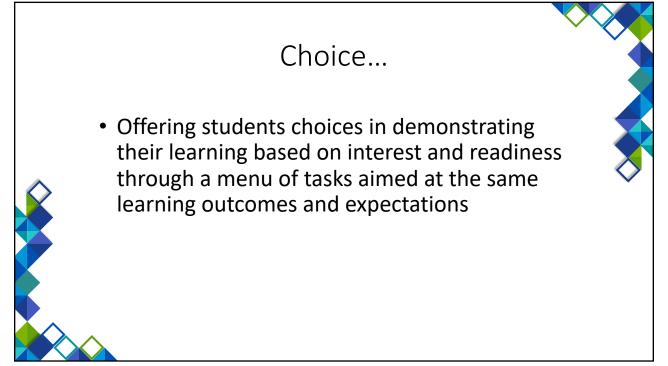


www.oberlo.com









#### Choice...

- •Is motivating and engages students
- Draws on student strengths, abilities, and interests
- Gives students a sense of
  - Control
  - Purpose
  - Competence

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#### Types of choices for students

- ✓ Choice in the modes in which they practice
- ✓ Choice in the tools and strategies they use to gather information
- ✓ Choice in the way they complete their work
- ✓ Choice in the planning and design of products

Homework: Students may choose between the following:

 $\textbf{\it Choice A:} \ Students \ write a \ description \ of 5 \ sentences \ about \ the \ rooms \ in \ their \ homes, 3 \ that \ are true \ and 2 \ that \ are \ false.$ 

**Choice B:** Students write a description of 5 sentences about a famous person's home, 3 that are true and 2 that are false.

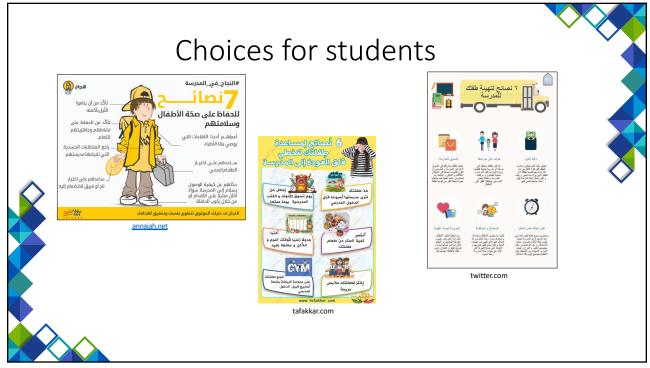






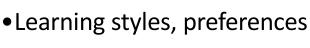






## Choices for Students: RAFT Assignments

- Focus on:
- Writing and reasoning
- •Ideas around a topic
- •Student choice, interest



#### What does RAFT mean?

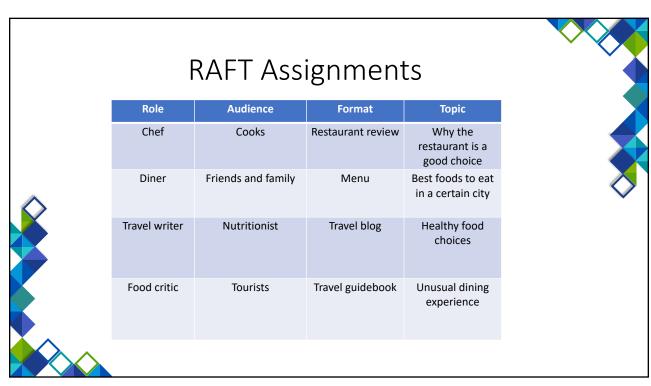
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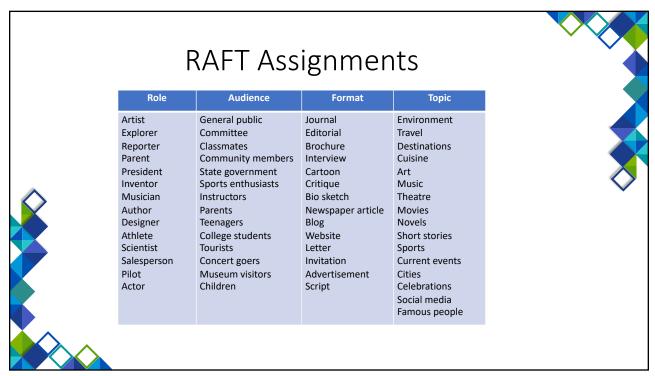
A = AUDIENCE

F = FORMAT

T = TOPIC



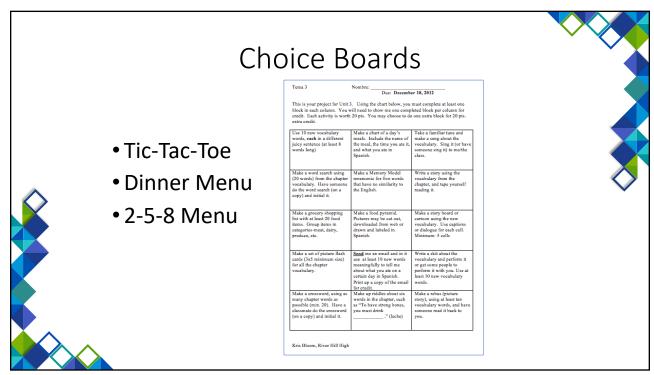


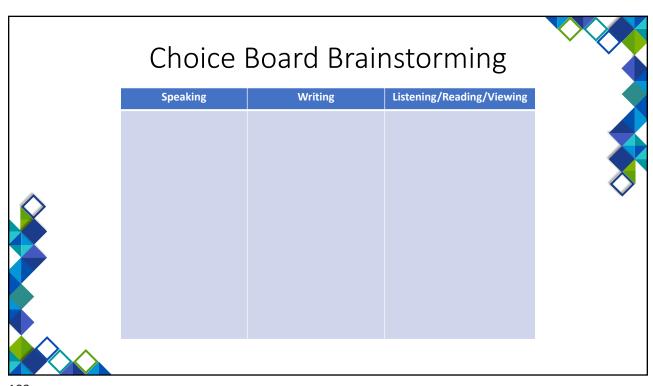


#### **Choice Boards**

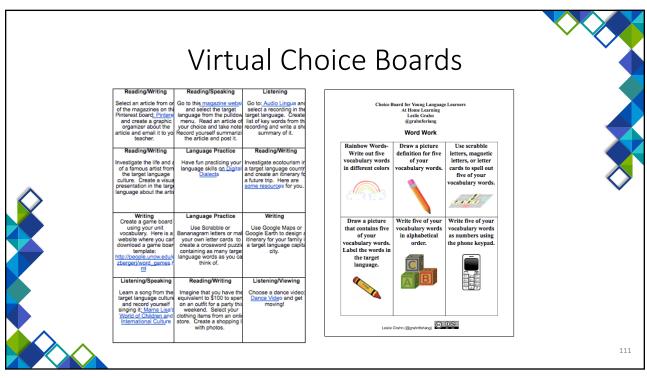
- √ Students choose from a menu of options
- √ Tasks vary by process and interest
- √ Some anchor activities can be required of all students
- ✓ Can be used for homework, projects, and assessment

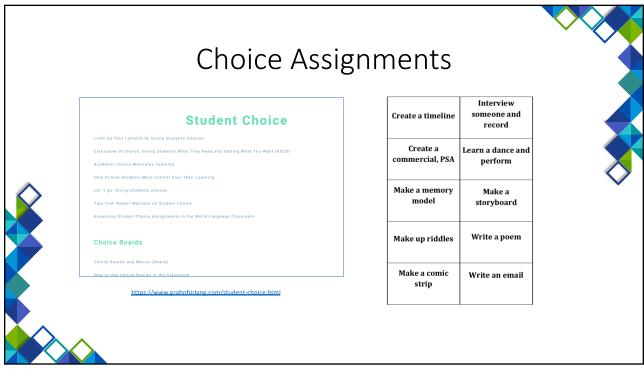
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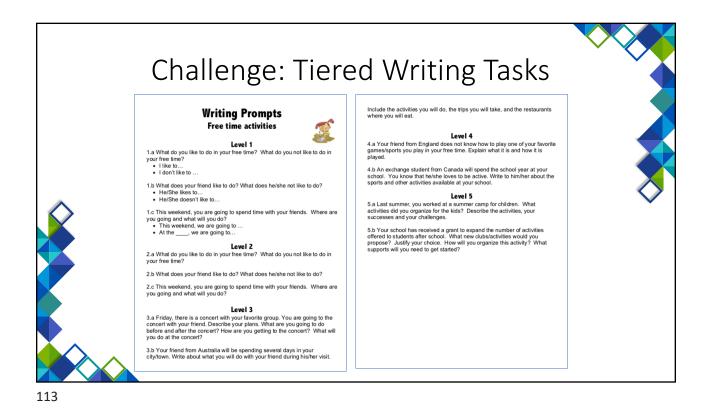


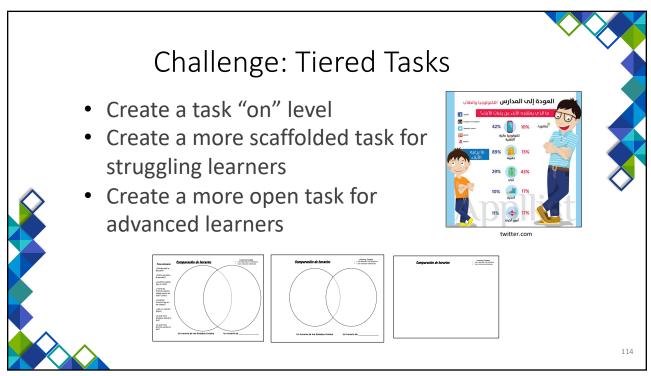












#### Tiered Tasks: Scaffolding Examples

- Multiple choice questions
- Fewer gaps in cloze activity
- Word banks
- Sentence starters
- Sample responses
- Graphic organizers
- Question prompts



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### Challenge: Tiered Texts

- Look for multiple pieces of text at varying levels of difficulty, complexity on the same topic.
- The task may be tiered or the same.
- A great place to start is infographics.



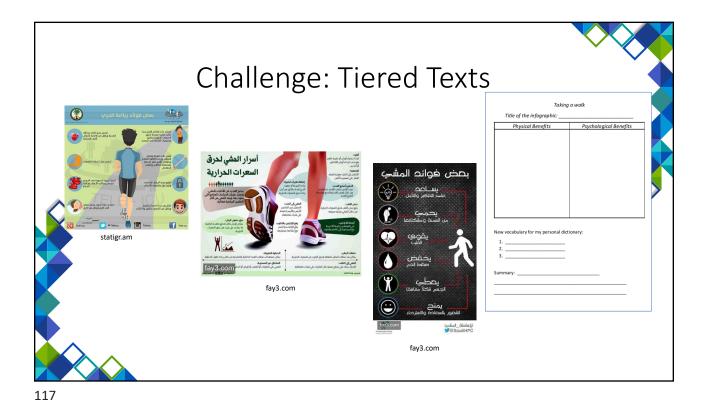




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Examples of tiered texts and tiered tasks

Tiering Tasks and Text

Respectful tasks

Respectful Tasks of Differentiation

Non-negotiables of Differentiated Instruction: Respectful Tasks (article and video)

Respectful Tasks Directure

Rigor and Challenge

Rigor Redefined (ASCD article)

How to Plas Rigorous instruction

The Regionar's Guide to Understanding Rigor

https://www.grahnforlang.com/tiering-tasks-and-text.html





